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TORENIA PLANT NAMED 'SUNRENILAPA'

BOTANICAL/COMMERCIAL CLASSIFICATION

Torenia hybrid/Torenia Plant

VARIETAL DENOMINATION

5 CV. 'Sunrenilapa'

BACKGROUND OF THE VARIETY

10 The present invention relates to a new and distinct variety of Torenia plant that was obtained from the artificial chromosome doubling of 'Sunrenirirepa' (Torenia hybrid), obtained by colchicine solution treatment ("artificial doubling").

15 The Torenia is a very popular plant and is used for flower bedding and potting in the summer season. There are only a few varieties of the Torenia plant that have a semi-erect growth habit, medium branching, and a great profusion of blooms.

20 Accordingly, this invention was aimed at obtaining a new variety having large globose form flowers, strong purplish-red with moderate purplish-pink petals without a yellow eye, a semi-erect growth habit, medium branching and a great profusion of blooms.

25 The new variety of the Torenia plant of this invention originated from the artificial doubling of 'Sunrenirirepa' that was previously filed in Japan and the United States of America.

30 In September 1998, the cuttings of 'Sunrenirirepa' were treated with 0.1% colchicines solution, which were propagated by the use of cuttings on the peat at Yokaichi, Shiga, Japan. After two months, some survived plantlets were transplanted in pots. In December 1998, colchiploids were obtained from the cultivation. The discovered Torenia plants were propagated by the use of cuttings and then grown in beds and pots on trial.

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The botanical characteristics of the plants were examined using the parent variety 'Sunrenirirepa' (U.S. Plant Pat. Number 14,302) and the similar variety 'Sunrenilabu' (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 10,843) for comparison. As a result, one plant was selected in view of flower size and color, and its growth habit, and it was concluded that the finally selected plant is distinguishable from any other variety whose existence is known to us and is uniform and stable in its characteristics. The new variety reproduces true to type in successive generations of asexual reproduction. The new variety has been named 'Sunrenilapa'.

In the following description the color-coding is in accordance with the R.H.S. colour chart of The Royal Horticultural Society, London, England.

The main botanical characteristics of the parent variety 'Sunrenirirepa' are as follows;

Plant:

Growth habit. - Semi-erect. The stems hang down pliantly when potted in a hanging pot.

Plant height. - Approximately 20 cm.

Plant extension. - Approximately 55 cm.

Growth. - Medium branching, a great profusion of blooms; the entire bush remaining in bloom for a considerable period of time.

Blooming period. - June to November in the southern Kanto area, Japan. The plant shape does not change throughout this period.

Stem:

Diameter. - Approximately 2.5 mm.

Anthocyanin pigmentation. - Present.

Branching. - Medium.

Pubescence. - Sparse.

Length of internode. - Approximately 3.1 cm.

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Leaf:

Phyllotaxis. - Opposite.

Shape of blade. - Lanceolate.

Length. - Approximately 2.9 cm.

5 Width. - Approximately 1.9 cm.

Depth of incision. - Medium.

Color. (upper side) - R.H.S. 137A (Moderate olive-green)

Pubescence of upper side. - Sparse.

Flower:

10 Facing direction. - Lateral.

Diameter. - Approximately 26 mm.

Height. - approximately 28 mm.

Color of floral tube. - R.H.S. 78A (Strong reddish-purple).

15 Color of petal. - Single color; R.H.S. 78A (Strong reddish- purple).

Yellow eye color. - Absent.

Calyx. - Approximately 1.5 cm in length; .

Anthocyanin pigmentation of calyx limb. - Present.

20 Peduncle. - Approximately 1.7 mm in thickness; and
Approximately 2.2 cm in length.

Reproductive organs. - 1 pistil and 4 stamens.

Anther color. - White.

Flowering duration. - Medium.

25 Physiological and ecological characteristics: Medium
resistance to diseases and pests, high moderate tolerance to
heat and low tolerance to cold. The plant grows and has
flowers commonly when grown in the shade of trees.

30 The botanical characteristics of the comparison variety
'Sunrenilabu' is as follows:

Plant:

Growth habit. - Semi-erect. The stems hang down pliantly
when potted in a hanging pot.

Plant height. - Approximately 15.0 cm.

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Plant extension. - Approximately 70 cm.

Growth. - Medium branching, a great profusion of blooms; the entire bush remaining in bloom for a considerable period of time.

5 Blooming period. - June to November in the southern Kanto area, Japan. The plant shape does not change throughout this period.

Stem:

Diameter. - Approximately 2.0 mm.

10 Anthocyanin pigmentation. - Present.

Branching. - Medium.

Pubescence. - Sparse.

Length of internode. - Approximately 6.0 cm.

Leaf:

15 Phyllotaxis. - Opposite.

Shape of blade. - Serrate.

Length. - Approximately 3.0 cm.

Width. - Approximately 2.5 cm.

Depth of incision. - Medium.

20 Color. (upper side) - R.H.S. 137A (Moderate olive-green)

Pubescence of upper side. - Sparse.

Flower:

Facing direction. - Lateral.

Diameter. - Approximately 35 mm.

25 Height. - approximately 25 mm.

Color of floral tube. - R.H.S. 85A (Light purple).

Color of petal. - Bi-color; upper petal: R.H.S. 85A (Light purple); Lower petal: R.H.S. 84A (Deep Purple);

Right and left petals: R.H.S. 87A (Vivid purple)

30 Yellow eye color. - Absent.

Calyx. - Approximately 2.2 cm in length.

Anthocyanin pigmentation of calyx limb. - Present.

Peduncle. - Approximately 2.5 mm in thickness; and Approximately 2.5 cm in length.

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Reproductive organs. - 1 pistil and 4 stamens.

Anther color. - White.

Flowering duration. - Medium.

Physiological and ecological characteristics: Medium

5 resistance to diseases and pests, high tolerance to heat and low tolerance to cold. The plant grows and has flowers commonly when grown in the shade of trees.

SUMMARY OF THE VARIETY

10 The new 'Sunrenilapa' plant has a semi-erect habit, large globose form flowers having strong purplish-red with moderate purplish- pink petals without a yellow eye. The new plant displays medium branching and forms a great profusion of blooms, and the entire bush remains in bloom for a considerable period of time.

15 The new variety of the present invention has been asexually reproduced by the use of cuttings at Shiga, Japan. Such propagation has confirmed that the characteristics are firmly fixed and are reliably transmitted to subsequent generation. The new variety reproduces true to type in
20 successive generations of asexual reproduction.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

FIG.1 is a photograph showing a partial view of the new variety of torenia plant 'Sunrenilapa' planted in a flower pot.;

25 FIG.2 is a photograph of flowers of the new variety of torenia plant 'Sunrenilapa' and those of the comparable variety 'Sunrenilabu'.

DESCRIPTION OF THE VARIETY

30 The botanical characteristics of the new and distinct variety of the Torenia plant 'Sunrenilapa' are set forth hereafter. The plant was observed at the end of August while growing at Yokaichi-shi, Shiga, Japan. Young plants were

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placed in a flower bedding at a spacing of 6 plants per square meter, and in pots with 3 plants being placed in each 30 cm pot. All plants described herein were observed after approximately three months of growth.

5 Plant:

Growth habit. - Semi-erect. The stems hang down pliantly when potted in a hanging pot.

Plant height. - Approximately 25 cm.

Spreading area of the plant. - approximately 40 cm.

10 Growth. - Medium branching, a great profusion of blooms; the entire bush remaining in bloom for a considerable period of time.

15 Blooming period. - June to November in the southern Kanto area, Japan. The plant shape does not change throughout this period.

Stem:

Length. - Approximately 20 cm.

Diameter. - Approximately 2.2 mm.

Color. - Near R.H.S. 144B

20 Branching. - Medium.

Pubescence. - Sparse.

Length of internode. - Approximately 5.5 cm.

Leaf:

Phyllotaxis. - Opposite.

25 Shape of blade. - Lanceolate.

Apex. - Obtuse.

Base. - Truncate.

Length. - Approximately 3.5 cm.

Width. - Approximately 2.5 cm.

30 Margin. - Crenate.

Depth of incision. - Medium.

Color. (upper side) - R.H.S. 147A (Grayish olive green).

(Under side) - Near R.H.S. 138B

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Pubescence of upper side. - Sparse.

Thickness of petiole. - Approximately 1.3 mm

Length of petiole. - Approximately 0.7 cm

Petiole color. - Near R.H.S. 144C

5 Flower:

Bud:

Shape. - ellipsoidal.

Length. - Approximately 1.6 cm.

Diameter. - Approximately 0.8 cm.

10 Color. - Near R.H.S. 143A

Floral diameter. - Approximately 1.0 cm.

Inflorescence peduncles. - Axillary.

Flower form. - Globose.

Flower depth (Height). - Approximately 3.7 cm.

15 Flower length. - Approximately 35 mm

Flower width. - Approximately 30 mm

Length of Tube.- Approximately 45 mm

Color of floral tube. - (Outer surface) near R.H.S. 72A
(Strong reddish-purple.); (Inner surface) near R.H.S.

20 N78A; vertical lines on the inner surface of floral tube
- Near R.N.S. 79B

Petal:

Number. - 4.

Shape. - Elliptic.

25 Length. - Upper - approximately 1.0 cm; Side -
approximately 1.6 cm; Lower - approximately 1.0 cm.

Width. - Upper - approximately 2.1 cm; side -
approximately 0.7 cm; lower - approximately 1.9 cm.

Apex shape. - Round.

30 Base shape. - Fused.

Margin. - Entire. Upper pedal is undulated.

Texture. - Smooth.

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- Color of petal. - upper surface - near R.H.S. 70A (Strong purplish-red.), lower surface - near R.H.S. N78A; margin - near R.H.S. N79B; R.H.S. 65A (Moderate purplish-red) at base of petal near throat.
- 5 Yellow petal blotches. - Absent.
Upper bilabiate petal wave. -Strong.
Calyx:
Calyx shape. - Deeply 2-lobed.
Calyx Diameter. - Approximately 7.0 mm.
- 10 Color. - Outer surface - Near R.H.S. 143A; Inner surface - near R.H.S. 143A.
Degree of development of wings. - Medium.
Calyx length. - Approximately 17 mm
Anthocyanin pigmentation of calyx limb. - Absent.
- 15 Anther color. - Near R.H.S. N78C.
Anther spur. - Present.
Anther color. - White.
Peduncle thickness. - Approximately 2.0 mm
Peduncle color. - Near R.H.S. 144B
- 20 Peduncle length. - Approximately 1.5 mm
Inflorescence Type. - Flower solitary, axillary and terminal.
Number of flowers per stem. - Approximately 3.
Reproductive organs. - 1 pistil and 4 stamens.
- 25 Flowering duration. - June to November in the southern Kanto area, Japan.
Lastingness of bloom. - Approximately three days.
Resistance: Displays moderate resistance to powdery mildew and significant resistance to spider mite when compared to other
- 30 Torenia varieties.
The plant grows and has flowers commonly when grown in the shade of trees.
Seeds. - Not observed.
Pedicel. - None.

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This new 'Sunrenilapa' variety is particularly suitable for growing in flower beds and pots, as well as hanging baskets.